1	Mark Baker	
$_{2}$	9450 SW Gemini Drive PMB 44671 Beaverton, OR 97008	
2	mbaker@softlights.org	
3	234-206-1977	
	Pro Se	
4	IN THE SUDEDIOD COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
5	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
	SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY	
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7	MARK BAKER,	Case No.: CPF-24-518814
8	THE BY THERE,	Case 1.0 611 21 310011
	Petitioner,	PETITIONER'S OPPOSITION TO STATE OF
9		CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF
10	VS.	TRANSPORTATION'S MOTION TO STRIKE
10	BAY AREA TOLL AUTHORITY,	[Action Under the California Environmental
11	,	Quality Act]
	METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION	(wants) 1200]
12	COMMISSION, CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT	DATE: April 21, 2025
13	COMMISSION, CALIFORNIA DEFARTMENT	TIME: 2:00PM DEPARTMENT: 606
	OF TRANSPORTATION, FEDERAL	DEPARTMENT. 000
14		COMPLAINT FILED: DECEMBER 16, 2024
15	HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, AND DOES	TRIAL DATE: NOT YET SET
13	1-20	
16		
	Respondents.	
17	ILLUMINATE, AND DOES 21-40	
18	Real Parties in Interest.	
	Real I alties in interest.	
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20	1. Petitioner Mark Baker ("Mr. Baker), opposes Motion to Strike of Respondent State of	
21	California Department of Transportation ("Caltrans"), dated March 3, 2025, as follows:	
	Cumorina Department of Transportation (Cautains), autou march s, 2023, as follows:	
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23	<u>I. RESPONSES</u>	

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A. Allegation: The Petition is not verified and, therefore, must be stricken in its entirety.

The Petitioner filed the Verification with the Court on February 13, 2025, and the filing was accepted. "The court must, in every stage of an action, disregard any error, improper ruling, instruction, or defect, in the pleadings or proceedings which, in the opinion of said court, does not affect the substantial rights of the parties." [Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 475]

B. Allegation: In the alternative, the requested relief ordering an "ADA Analysis" must be stricken because it has no basis in law.

- 3. California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1085(a) states, "A writ of mandate may be issued by any court to any inferior tribunal, corporation, board, or person, to compel the performance of an act which the law specially enjoins, as a duty resulting from an office, trust, or station, or to compel the admission of a party to the use and enjoyment of a right or office to which the party is entitled, and from which the party is unlawfully precluded by such inferior tribunal, corporation, board, or person."
 - As stated in CCCP § 1085(a), the Court may issue a writ of mandate to compel Caltrans to carry out their duty to protect individuals with disabilities. The Americans with Disabilities Act clearly identifies the rights of individuals with disabilities, and Caltrans' policy of ignoring the impacts of LED lights on individuals with disabilities means that Caltrans unlawfully precludes individuals with disabilities from those rights identified in the ADA.
 - 28 C.F.R. 35.151 requires Caltrans to ensure that the alteration of adding 50,000 intense, blue-rich LED lights to the Bay Bridge does not interfere with the usability and accessibility of the bridge and surrounding area by individuals with disabilities. As noted by Caltrans in the demurrer, The ADA Accessibility Guidelines do not contain any guidance on LED lights.

 [Demurrer, p. 8, line 18]. Therefore, Caltrans must perform some type of analysis, which is

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labeled as "ADA Analysis" in the Petition, to ensure that the altered area is readily accessible and usable by individuals with disabilities. In the case of LED lights and the Bay Lights 360 project, the altered area is geographically expansive, covering approximately 100 square miles. Caltrans' decision to simply ignore disability access issues and to ignore Petitioner's December 31, 2023, request for ADA accommodation is a violation of the rights of Petitioner and all individuals with disabilities.

Therefore, as per CCCP § 1085(a), the Court is authorized to issue a writ of mandate directing Caltrans to develop an analysis of the impacts of adding 50,000 LED lights to the Bay Bridge on individuals who may be discriminated against due to the use of those LED lights. Contrary to Caltrans' claim that there is no statutory basis for an "ADA Analysis", the term "ADA Analysis" does not need to appear in the text of a statute or regulation. The term "ADA Analysis" is simply used by the Petitioner to encompass the actions required of Caltrans to ensure that the addition of the LED lights does not create unlawful discriminatory barriers. The Caltrans policy of ignoring the impacts of LED lights on individuals and ignoring ADA requests for accommodation related to LED lights, is a violation of law, and thus the Court can issue a writ of mandate to correct this violation.

II. CONCLUSION

7. For the reasons stated herein, Mr. Baker respectfully requests that the Motion to Strike be denied.

Dated: March 5, 2025

Respectfully Submitted,

By: /s/ Mark Baker 9450 SW Gemini Drive PMB 44671 Beaverton, OR 97008

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